





#### Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs

Government of India



# Pey Jal Survekshan 2022















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AMRUT 2.0 is a step towards AatmaNirbhar Bharat with the aim of making the cities 'water secure' and providing functional water tap connections to all households. The mission envisages providing tap water connections to households in all statutory towns through 2.68 crores new household tap connections and providing universal household coverage of sewerage/septage services in 485 AMRUT cities through 2.64 crore new sewer connections/coverage with septage management. This will be achieved through a circular economy of water by effecting water source conservation, rejuvenation of water bodies and wells, reuse of treated used water, and rainwater harvesting by involving the community at large.

To assess the water health of cities, Pey Jal Survekshan (PJS) has been launched in all 485 AMRUT Cities (487 cities before the merger). The survekshan will instill healthy competition among cities and act as an accelerator tool at the ULB level, providing a guiding framework for planning, implementing, and monitoring urban water supply sector.

Pey Jal Survekshan 2022 toolkit has been developed as a guiding document to assess and rank 485 AMRUT cities, on water security parameters.



# ntroduction

# Introduction





Assess the compliance of service level benchmarks

Sewerage & septage management

Extent of reuse & recycle of used water

Conservation of water bodies



¢

To enable ULBs to understand the existing status of services provided to citizens

Platform that will showcase the awareness and perception of citizens through their active participation

Best practices followed by cities for water conservation to achieve water security

Extent of non-revenue water and measures to reduce the leakages

#### **Citizen Outreach**

- Redressal system (ULB Helpline)
- Information, education and communication (IEC) activities

#### Water Sustainability Parameters

- Water resource management
- Water flow measurement techniques (SCADA)
- District Metered Area (DMA)



#### **Financial Sustainability**

 Extent and efficiency of cost recovery for water supply services in the city

# Objective

#### Access and Coverage

 Water supply, sewerage connections and city level provision of 24\*7 water supply

#### **Service Levels**

 Measuring the quantity as well as quality of potable water at WTP outlets

#### Water Resources Rejuvenation

- Rainwater harvesting (RWH) bylaws at city level
- Rejuvenation and health of water bodies





# cos

# **Components of Assessment**

-6	
<b>√</b>	_
$\checkmark$	

Service level benchmark assessment





Direct observation including lab test of water samples estimations environment estimation esti

ity

Estimation of NRW by empirical methods

Non-Revenue Water

# Key Focus Areas

Water quantity & quality, water metering, cost recovery in water supply, rainwater harvesting structures

OCUS

Area

Water Utility Service

Used water generation, treatment, and re-use

Used Water Utility

Services



Health as per direct observation, shrinkage/expansion of water body

Water Bodies

# List of Abbreviations

S.No.	Abbreviation	Full form
1	AMRUT	Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation
2	BIS	Bureau of Indian Standards
3	BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
4	CF	Citizen Feedback
5	CFU	Colony Forming Units
6	COD	Chemical Oxygen Demand
7	СРСВ	Central Pollution Control Board
8	DCB	Demand, Collection & Balance
9	DMA	District Metered Area
10	DO	Direct Observation
11	DPR	Detailed Project Report
12	ESR	Elevated Service Reservoir
13	FSTP	Faecal Sludge Treatment Plant
14	GSR	Ground Service Reservoir
15	НН	Household

# List of Abbreviations

S.No.	Abbreviation	Full form
16	IEC	Information,
17	IV	Independent
18	IVM	Independent
19	LPCD	Litre Per Cap
20	mg	Milligram
21	MLD	Million Litres
22	MoHUA	Ministry of H
23	MPN	Most Probab
24	NABL	National Acc and Calibrati
25	NRW	Non-Revenu
26	NTU	Nephelometr
27	ODF	Open Defeca
28	OSS	Onsite Sanita
29	PJS	Pey Jal Surv
30	PPS	Probability P

Education and Communication
Validation
Validation Matrix
oita Per Day
Per Day
ousing and Urban Affairs
le Number
reditation Board for Testing on Laboratories
e Water
ic Turbidity Units
ation Free
ation
ekshan
roportionate to Size

# List of Abbreviations

S.No.	Abbreviation	Full form
31	RWH	Rainwater Harvesting
32	SCADA	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition
33	SLB	Service Level Benchmark
34	SPCB	State Pollution Control Board
35	SS	Sample Size
36	STP	Sewerage Treatment Plant
37	SWD	Storm Water Drains
38	TDS	Total Dissolved Solids
39	TUW	Treated Used Water
40	ULB	Urban Local Body
41	UT	Union Territory
42	WRD	Water Resource Department
43	WTP	Water Treatment Plant





**Total score** 

Maximum score
700
700
200
200
300
2,100

# Scoring Methodology and Independent Validation Matrix

# **Sampling Methodology**

The information regarding the no of water bodies, plants (FSTP, STP &WTP), parks with RWH, water bodies and households with metered connection in the ULB will be available in the PJS portal. This Information will constitute the sampling universe.

Sample selection for household: Based on the population of the city, the desired sample is fixed which is mentioned in the table below. For example, in a ULB that has population of 1-3 lakh, 1000 households will be covered.

These 1000 HH will be distributed across the wards using probability proportionate to size (PPS) method. Which means the larger wards will have more sample as compared to the smaller wards, and the sample will be selected from all the wards. Sample selection for plants, parks with RWH and water bodies: Based on the declarations provided by the ULBs on the PJS portal fixed number of plants, parks with RWH and water bodies will be surveyed in each ULB as mentioned in the table below.

Population	1-3 Lacs	3-10 Lacs	10-40 Lacs	>40 Lacs
Sample Size (number of respondents)	1,000	1,000	1,000	2,000

• Sample size for water sample collection:

Water Sample Collection Area*	1-3 Lacs	3-10 Lacs	10-40 Lacs	>40 Lacs
Water Treatment Plant**	6	9	15	24
Treated Used Water (STP/FSTP)**	6	9	15	24
Tap Water	25	40	60	80
Water Body (3 water bodies- 4 samples from each)	12	12	12	12

\* All samples to be collected as per the standard BIS/CPCB methodology.

\*\* Agency has to visit all the WTP/STP/FSTP claimed by the ULB. Whichever plant is selected for samples, 3 samples will be collected from each plant one at the input side and two from at output side. This will be done for checking accuracy and differences between the samples. In case the treatment plants are not available, samples of tap water would be increased proportionately.



Steps

Cities will claim score on the Pey Jal Survekshan portal by submitting relevant documents.

Assessors will go on ground and collect documentary evidence as well as conduct field observations.

The score will be calculated based on the evidence and field observation. In case of sample failed, marks will be deducted.

Final score to be calculated after deducting negative marks based on the IVM (Independent Validation Matrix).



# **INDEPENDENT VALIDATION MATRIX (IVM)**

Examples	Indicator No.	Total score	Score claimed by the ULB	% of samples failed as per survey	Score to be deducted	Final Score
1	1.2	100	100	30.04%	30.04	69.95
2	1.4C	30	30	73.06%	21.92	8.07

\*These are illustrative examples.

# **On-Field Assessment** Process

The ULBs will upload the documents, as indicated in the toolkit on the assessment portal. The documents received will be assessed by a team of desktop assessors. Once the assessment is complete the data will be used for on-field validation and assessment. The on-field assessment will include module of household assessment, direct observation of water infrastructures (STP, FSTP and WTP), water bodies and parks. Water samples will be collected from these locations and will be sent to NABL accredited labs for testing.

	Field As	sessment	
Household Assessment	Direct Observation	Health of Water body	Water Testing
Questions covering quantitative and perceptive aspects regarding: • Water quality • Water quantity • Water quantity • Water meter availability • Water bill payment • Breakdowns • Complaint redressal system • Awareness on water conservation, etc.	<ul> <li>Visit to source, distribution reservoirs</li> <li>Visit to water and used water treatment plant in the ULB</li> <li>Parks and RWH structures claimed by the ULB</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assessment of physical health including fencing around the water body, solid waste in and around the water body, eutrophication, presence of animal dung, etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tap water samples collected from residential and slum areas and from WTP tested as per BIS:10500 (Annexure 1)</li> <li>Treated used water collected from select STPs and tested as per CPCB norms (Annexure 2)</li> <li>Water body samples collected and tested as per CPCB standards (Annexure 3)</li> </ul>

	1 Water Utilit Services	y y
		Score
	Indicator	Max score
1.1	Water supply coverage	100
1.2	Water treatment capacity	100
1.3	Water quantity supplied	50
1.4A	Water quality (At WTP outlet)	50
1.4B	Water quality (At Consumer end)	50
1.4C	Portal availability to check water quality supplied	50
1.5	Extent of metering	50
1.6A	Cost recovery in water supply services	50
1.6B	Water charges collection efficiency	50
1.7A	Redressal of complaints via ULB helpline	50
1.7B	Redressal of complaints in 24 Hours	50
1.8	Rainwater harvesting efficiency	50

# Water Utility Services -Overview





% Fiped water Supply
≥95%
75 to <95%
50 to <75%
25 to <50%
<25% *
0%

\* In case of <25%, reason for less coverage including dependence on alternate sources will be recorded.

One of the key objectives of AMRUT 2.0 is to provide adequate quantity and quality of drinking water to all urban households in the country. It will be ensured through provision of water services provided by the ULBs. There are twelve indicators in this section, on which the ULBs will be assessed for the services rendered by them. This section covers in detail the process that would be followed during the assessment for the twelve indicators.

# Water supply coverage: Percentage of current households provided with piped water supply connection



Score
100
80
60
40
20
0

Percentage of households provided with piped water supply connection



#### List of Documents

Property tax software records/water register with updated records of water supply connections

Ward wise list of residential and slum households/populations with direct water service connection.

MIS* Value and Calcu	lation	
Total number of current** households	A1	Number
Total number of households with piped water supply	A2	Number
% Households with piped water supply	A3	A2/A1*100

#### Validation **100% Samples from the Citizen**

The assessor will randomly approach the households provided with piped water supply covering all wards claimed and ask question on the source of water supply in the households.

On the basis of response (negative/positive) received from households, Independent Validation (IV) score will be applied, and final score will be given. Final Score = Score claimed – Score adjusted as per IVM.

\*MIS Value - Data from AMRUT 2.0 Collaborative Platform

100

2

(2)

\*\*Current households – The current households shall be as per the projection for ULBs in AMRUT portal.





#### % of Water Treated Before Supply

≥95% 75 to <95% 50 to <75% 25 to <50% <25% \* 0%

## Water treatment: Percentage of water treated before distribution to consumers





Score
100
80
60
40
20
0

100

Water treatment: Percentage of water treated before distribution to consumers



# Quantity of water supplied to the citizens in LPCD

#### List of Documents

- Water account statement showing total volume of water produced by surface sources
- Details of all water treatment plants installed by the ULB 2
- Water produced through ground water (pumps)-DPR/Official records and 3 treatment done, if any.
- Water produced through any other sources (desalination, rainwater 4 harvesting, etc.)-DPR/Official records

MIS Value and Calculation		
Total volume of water produced from all sources	B1	Litre
Volume of water treated before distribution	B2	Litre
% Water treated	B3	B2/B1*100

#### Validation 60% Direct Observation + 40% Citizen Feedback (CF)

- The on-field assessor will visit the water treatment plants on field to check the 1 functionality of the plants.
- The on-field assessor will also ask households with piped water supply on (2) their satisfaction on quality of water including odour, appearance, etc.
- On the basis of the observation, Independent Validation (IV) score will be (3) applied, and final score will be given. Final Score = Score claimed - Score adjusted as per IVM.





Water Quantity Supplied in LPCD as Percentage of Service Level Benchmarks Claimed by the ULB

≥95%

75 to <95%

50 to <75%

<50%







#### 50

30 10 0

50

# Quantity of water supplied to the citizens in LPCD



Water quality (water testing): water samples passing the quality check at water treatment plant outlet (as per BIS: 10500 essential parameters)

#### List of Documents

- Total residential and slum population details
- Details of total volume of water produced by the ULB 2
- Service level benchmarks claimed by ULB 3
- 5 Sample household water bills from the last month 4

MIS Value and Calculation		
Total number of residents	A1	Number
Total volume of water produced (in L)	A2	Litre
Water supplied per capita in LPCD	A3	A2/A1

#### Validation **100% Samples from the Citizen**

The assessor will visit the households that are metered (as claimed by the (1) ULB) and their monthly bills will be reviewed to check water supplied to the households, wherever applicable.

- If 0% metering is done, pump details of the ULB plus hours of supply will be 2 taken into consideration for the requisite calculation and verification.
- On the basis of response (negative/positive) received from households, (3) Independent Validation (IV) score will be applied, and final score given. Final Score = Score claimed – Score adjusted as per IVM



Water lesting Record at Irea	tment
Yes	
No	
No. of Failed Samples	
No. of Failed Samples	

2 (for ULBs with 10-40 lakh populatio

- 4 (for ULBs with >40 lakh population
- >1 (for ULBs with 1-10 lakh population
- >2 (for ULBs with 10-40 lakh populat
- >4 (for ULBs with >40 lakh populatio

t Plant	Score
	20
	0
	Score (30)
	30
ı) on) )	15
on) ion) n)	0

50

(1

1.4A

Water quality (water testing): Water samples passing the quality check at water treatment plant outlet (as per BIS: 10500 essential parameters)



consumer end parameters)

#### List of Documents

Test reports maintained at Water Treatment Plants (WTP). Reports must be from the past 3 months

MIS Value and Calculation		
Total number of samples collected	C1	Number
Total number of samples passed	C2	Number
% Samples passed	C3	C2/C1*100

#### Validation As per Sample Test Reports

Water sample will be collected from WTPs and tested for essential 1 parameters (Annexure-1) as per BIS:10500. Water sample must pass the test for all essential parameters in Annexure-1, else the sample will be considered as failed.



% Samples Passing Quality Chec
≥95%
75 to <95%
50 to <75%
25 to <50%
<25%
<50%

# Percentage of water samples passing the quality check at (as per BIS: 10500 essential



k	Score
	50
	40
	30
	20
	10
	0

1.4B

1

2

3

Percentage of water samples passing the quality check at consumer end (as per BIS: 10500 essential parameters)

1.4C 50

# Availability of information to the citizen on quality of water supplied

#### **List of Documents**

Test reports for Physical/Chemical/Bacteriological tests (if available at ULB) from consumer end and total no. of samples passed at NABL accredited lab. Test reports must be from the past 3 months.

List of wards where water sample testing is done in last one year.

MIS Value and Calculation		
Total number of samples collected on ground	D1	Number
Total number of samples passed	D2	Number
% Water samples passed	D3	D2/D1*100

#### Validation on Ground Lab Testing

1 Tap water samples will be collected from households and will be sent to NABL labs for testing the quality of drinking water (Annexure-1) as per BIS: 10500.

- 2 Samples will be collected from each ULB and tested for drinking water quality.
  - Water sample must pass the test for all essential parameters in Annexure-1, else the sample will be considered as failed.

#### About Us

- Organisational Setup
- Citizens Charter
- Customer Section
- Information
- Expression of Interest
- Right to Information Act
- Latest News

CITIZEN CORNER						and the second second
Lodge New Complaint & Check Status	•			Habitation	list of District: G	URUGRAM wit
Pay Online Water & Sewer Bills						
Submit Water Sample for Testing	-				District	GURUGRAM
Apply New Water/Sewer Connection	•				Block	ALL
Suggestion & Public Feedback	•					
Ongoing Works in Village/Town	•	#	District Name	Block Name	Panchayat Name	Village Na
Water Sources in Village/Town	•	1	GURUGRAM	FARRUKHNAGAR	Almudinpur	Almudinp
<ul> <li>Sewerage Treatment Plant</li> </ul>		2	GURUGRAM	FARRUKHNAGAR	BABRA BAKIPUR	BABRA BA
		3	GURIIGRAM	FARRUKHNAGAR	BABRA BAKIPUR	BABRA BA

Language : English

#### **Scheme of Marking**

Information available in public domain throuportal/digital/print media etc. (Last 6 months

Contract for development of online portal si

Information not available in public domain

Water samples collection reports on 27.07.2022 to 25.08.2022

Water samples collection reports on 27.07.2022 to 25.08.2022..pdf , Size : 7.85 MB



	Score	
ugh online s)	50	
igned	30	
	0	

1.4C Availability of information to the citizen on quality of water supplied



Extent of metering of households with water meters

#### **List of Documents**

Work order of portal development

50

2

1

Link and screenshots of the portal/digital/print media showing water quality

#### Validation **100% Samples from the Citizen**

The assessor will randomly approach the households with piped water supply in wards and ask question on whether they are aware about portal available/digital/print to check quality of water supplied.

On the basis of response (negative/positive) received from households, (2) Independent Validation (IV) score will be applied and final score given. Final Score = Score claimed – Score adjusted as per IVM



% Metered Connections	
≥50%	
30 to <50%	
10 to <30%	

<10%

0%

# connections - percentage

Score
50
35
20
10
0

50

1.5

Extent of metering connections - percentage of households with water meters 1.6A 50 Cost recovery in water supply services – Percentage of revenue earned vs Operating cost for water supply services

#### List of Documents

Ward wise list of households with piped water supply and water meter connections

#### **MIS Value and Calculation**

Total number of households with piped water connection	E1	Number
Total number of households with water meters	E2	Number
% Households with water meter	E3	E2/E1*100

#### Validation 100% Citizen Feedback

The on-field assessor will visit households with piped water supply from the list shared by the ULB and ask if water meters are installed. Water bills may also be asked for proof.

2 On the basis of the observation, Independent Validation (IV) score will be applied, and final score will be given. Final Score = Score claimed – Score adjusted as per IVM.



Cost Recovery %
100%
75% to <100%
50% to <75%
25% to <50%
<25%
0%

#### Score

50	
40	
30	
20	
10	
0	

1.6A 50

2

Cost Recovery in water supply services -Percentage of revenue earned vs Operating cost for water

1.6B 50

water charges revenue collected

#### **List of Documents**

Demand, collection & balance (DCB) statement, generated through property 1 tax software/water billing

Statement of accounts issued by the ULB/authorized department

supply services

MIS Value and Calculation				
Total annual operating expenses	F1	Rs		
Total annual operating revenue	F2	Rs		
% Cost recovery	F3	F2/F1*100		

#### **No Validation**

Score to be allotted as per the claims made by ULB and the documents provided.



#### Efficiency in Collection of Water C

100%	
75% to <100%	
50% to <75%	
25% to <50%	
<25%	
0%	

# Efficiency in collection of value of bills generated vs



harges	Score	
	50	
	40	
	30	
	20	
	10	
	0	

Efficiency in collection of water charges value of bills generated vs revenue collected



the ULB

#### List of Documents

Demand, Collection & Balance (DCB) statement, generated through property 1 tax software/water billing

Statement of accounts issued by the ULB

1.6B

50

2

3

4

1

- 5 Sample household water bills from the last month
- 5 Sample commercial water bills from the last month

MIS Value and Calculation			
Total value of bills generated for water charges	J1	Rs	
Total annual revenue collected	J2	Rs	
% Of collection	J3	J2/J1*100	

#### **No Validation**

#### Only for additional validation-

Assessor will visit the households with piped water supply and ask citizens on the how much water bill they pay (amount) and frequency of billing.

Assessor will visit commercial areas with piped water supply and ask about 2 user charges paid by them and collect water bill copy, wherever possible.



% Complaints Online Mode	Received	via	ULB	He
100%				
75% to <100%				

50% to <75%

25% to <50%

<25%

0%

# Percentage of complaints received via the helpline no./online mode provided by

elpline/	Score	
	50	
	40	
	30	
	20	
	10	
	0	



1

2

Percentage of complaints received via the helpline no./online mode provided by the ULB



# Redressal of complaints-Percentage of complaints resolved in 72 hours

#### List of Documents

Details of complaints received on the helpline number/online mode or 1 through physical means during April 2021 to March 2022

2 Documents showing date of issue/renewal of helpline number.

Copy of MoU, in case the operations outsourced to some other agency. 3

MIS Value and Calculation		
Total numbers of complaints received	G1	Number
Total number of complaints received via helpline/ online mode	G2	Number
% Complaints received via helpline/ online	G3	G2/G1*100

#### Validation 100% Citizen Feedback

On call validation: 1% of complaints or 10 contacts from each month to be called to verify the claim during April 2021 to March 2022.

On the basis of the observation, Independent Validation (IV) score will be applied, and final score given. Final Score = Score claimed – Score adjusted as per IVM.



#### % Complaints Resolved in 72 Hours\*

100%	50
75% to <100%	40
50% to <75%	30
25% to <50%	20
<25%	10
0%	0

\* Survey agency, in consultation with MoHUA, will decide upon the cases where estimated time for redressal is more than 72 hours because of quantum of work involved but ULB has taken action within 72 hours.

# 1.7B

50

1

2

Redressal of complaints-Percentage of complaints resolved in 72 hours



with RWH system

#### List of Documents

Category wise list of complaints received by the ULB.

Contact details of the residents who've complained.

Duration to resolve the complaints.

MIS Value and Calculation		
Total numbers of complaints received	G1	Number
Total number of complaints resolved in 72 Hrs	G2	Number
% Complaints resolved in 72 Hrs	G3	G2/G1*100

#### Validation **100% Citizen Feedback**

The on-field assessor will enquire with households with piped water supply about the time taken to resolve the complaints.

On the basis of the observation, Independent Validation (IV) score will be applied and final score will be given. Final Score = Score claimed - Score adjusted as per IVM.



#### Scheme of Marking

- A. Mandatary provision for rainwater ha building bylaws
- B. Percentage of parks with RWH syste 100% 75% to <100% 50% to <75% 25% to <50% <25%

# Rainwater harvesting structures: (i) Provisions in building bylaws, (ii) Parks



50

2

1

1.8

Rainwater harvesting structures: (i) Provisions in building bylaws, (ii) Parks with RWH system

#### List of Documents

Copy of building bylaws highlighting provision and incentives for RWH 1 structures.

Details of parks with RWH structures.

MIS Value and Calculation		
Total parks in the ULB	H1	Number
No. of parks with RWH system	H2	Number
% Parks with RWH	H3	H2/H1*100

#### Validation **100% Citizen Feedback**

On-field assessor will visit parks randomly to check the existing system for rainwater harvesting.

On the basis of the observation, Independent Validation (IV) score 2 will be applied and final score will be given. These will include bylaws documents and on field survey data. Final Score = Score claimed – Score adjusted as per IVM.



IndicatorMax Score2.1Sewer connection and onsite sanitation coverage2002.2Used water treatment2002.3Reuse of treated used water2002.4Availability of dedicated water testing facility at the used water treatment plant and frequency of testing100		2 Collection, Treatment and Reuse	Score
2.1Sewer connection and onsite sanitation coverage2002.2Used water treatment2002.3Reuse of treated used water2002.4Availability of dedicated water testing facility at the used water treatment plant and frequency of testing100		Indicator	Max Score
2.2Used water treatment2002.3Reuse of treated used water2002.4Availability of dedicated water testing facility at the used water treatment plant and frequency of testing100	2.1	Sewer connection and onsite sanitation coverage	200
2.3Reuse of treated used water2002.4Availability of dedicated water testing facility at the used water treatment plant and frequency of testing100	2.2	Used water treatment	200
Availability of dedicated water testing facility at the 100 used water treatment plant and frequency of testing	2.3	Reuse of treated used water	200
	2.4	Availability of dedicated water testing facility at the used water treatment plant and frequency of testing	100



Used water collection, treatment and reuse overview



Percentage of current households with sewerage connection or On-Site Sanitation (OSS) (septic tank/twin pit)



It is a collective intent of MoHUA, State/UT and ULBs to make Urban India 'water secure' and one of the method is to reuse treated used water. ULBs have taken up the task of collecting and treating used water and further using it again. There are four indicators that have been formalized in this toolkit to assess the extent to which the ULBs have been successful in implementing the same. This section covers the assessment process that will be followed for the four indicators in detail.



#### % Households with Sewerage Conn OSS

100%
75% to <100%
50% to <75%
25% to <50%
<25%
0%



-

Score

200	
160	
120	
80	
40	
0	

200

2

2

Percentage of current households with sewerage connection or On-Site Sanitation (OSS) (septic tank/twin pit)



treated vs generated

#### List of Documents

Property tax records/register with updated records of sewerage 1 connections or OSS.

Ward wise list of residential and slum population with sewerage connection or OSS.

MIS Value and Calculation			
Total number of current households	A1	Number	
Total number of households with sewerage connections or OSS	A2	Number	
% Households with sewerage connections or OSS	A3	A2/A1*100	

#### Validation **100% Samples from the Citizen**

The assessor will randomly approach the households in wards and ask 1 question on the availability sewer connection/septic tank/others.

On the basis of response (negative/positive) received from households, Independent Validation (IV) score will be applied and final score will be given. Final Score = Score claimed – Score adjusted as per IVM.

\*Current households – The households declared by ULB shall be considered. Or, current population shall be projected basis the Census 2011



Percentage of Used Water Treated vs Ge
100%
75% to <100%
50% to <75%
25% to <50%
<25%
0%

# Used water treatment: Percentage of used water



Score	
200	
160	
120	
80	
40	
0	
	Score 200 160 120 80 40 0

200

3

Used water treatment: Percentage of used water treated vs generated



#### List of Documents

Details of all used-water treatment plants available in the ULB (FSTP/STP).

Details of used water produced in the ULB (in MLD).

Test reports of the treated used-water as per CPCB norms as stated in Annexure-2. These must be recent and not be older than 3 months

MIS Value and Calcu	lation	
Volume of used water generated	B1	Litre
Volume of used water treated (STP/FSTP)	B2	Litre
% used water treated	B3	B2/B1*100

#### Validation **100% Direct Observation and Lab Testing**

On-field assessor will visit the used-water treatment plants for collection of treated used-water samples.

Samples will be tested for quality of treatment as per design standards of 2 treatment plant and relevant as per CPCB norms (Annexure-2). If the samples fail in any of the essential parameters in Annexure 2, 50% score shall be deducted.



% of Treated Used-Water Reused	Score
≥20%	200
15 to <20%	160
10 to <15%	120
5 to <10%	80
<5%	40
0%	0

Note: The treated used water must be reused for either of the following purposes: Agriculture/irrigation, industrial processes, non-potable urban applications such as parks, street plantations, toilet flushing, street washing, fire protection or ground water recharge (after tertiary treatment). If ULB is re-using treated used water for any other purposes, the same may be considered by survey agency, in consultation with MoHUA

# Reuse of treated Used Water for industrial, residential or public non-potable usage



200

2

3

4

5

Reuse of treated Used water for industrial, residential or public non-potable usage



Availability of dedicated water testing facility at the used water treatment plant and frequency of testing

#### List of Documents

**1**) Volume of used water produced in the ULB (in MLD)

Volume of used water treated (in MLD)

Volume of used water reused (in MLD)

MoU with industries and other users for reuse of treated used-water.

Sale receipts of treated used-water sold.

MIS Value and Calculation		
Volume of used water produced C1 Litre		
Volume of used water reused after C2 Litre secondary/tertiary treatment		
% Used-water reused C3 C2/C1*100		
Validation 100% Direct Observation		
<ul> <li>On-field assessor will visit the used water treatment plants.</li> <li>The assessor will also check if used water is being reused and will collect</li> </ul>		
record for the same.		



# Water Testing LabWater testing facility available on siteWater tests outsourced to authorized labsTesting not doneFrequency of TestingDailyWeeklyMonthlyTesting not done



Score	
50	
25	
0	

00010	
50	
30	
20	
0	

Score

(2)

Availability of dedicated water testing facility at the used water treatment plant and frequency of testing

#### List of Documents

1 List of STP with capacity and details on inhouse lab provision.

Logbook with test results for influent and effluent water samples. These must be recent and not be older than 3 months

#### Validation (100% Direct Observation)

Assessor will visit the STP and collect water quality testing logbook and reports for influent and effluent samples for frequency of testing.







#### Water bodies - overview







#### **Quality of Water in Water Bodies:**

) Direct observation	75	
i) Water quality as per lab report (CPCB guideline)	50	
Class 'A'	50	
Class 'B'	40	
Class 'C'	30	
Class 'D'	20	
Class 'E'	10	

#### B. Rejuvenation of Water-Bodies:

**Note:** Each ULB shall nominate 3 water bodies which lie within their jurisdiction. The water body should have an area greater than one acre. For ULBs having all their water bodies of area less than one acre, they may nominate smaller water bodies.

## Health of water bodies



#### Max Score-125

#### Max Score-75



# (i) Water body – direct observation parameters



1

2

# (ii) Rejuvenation of water bodies – i)Water quality report

SI. No.	Questions	Score
1	Is there signage around the water body ? (Yes/No)	5
2	<ul> <li>What is the colour of water? Glass test to be performed with three possible color outcomes:</li> <li>1. Clear or Transparent – 15</li> <li>2. Light Yellow or Light Green or Light Brown - 5</li> <li>3. Any dark color – 0</li> </ul>	15
3	Is there a fence around the water body? (Yes/No)	5
4	Does the area around the water body has any encroachment? (Yes/No)	5
5	Do you see any dustbins around the water body within 50m distance? (Yes/No)	5
6	Do you see any kind of waste around the water body within 50m distance? (Yes/No)	5
7	Do you see any human faecal matter or animal dung around the Water body within 50m distance? (Yes/No)	5
8	Does any kind of washing take place (50m) around the water body? ? (Yes/No)	5
9	Do you see any kind of waste water drain contaminating the water body? (Yes/No)	5
10	Do you see any septic tanks within 100m of the water body? (Yes/No)	5
(11)	Is the water body eutrophied? (Yes/No)	5
12	Do you see foam on the surface of water body? (Yes/No)	5
13	Do you see any waste on the surface of the water body ? (Yes/No)	5

	List of Do
Water quality reports fro	m ULBs of 3
Reports must be in line vince recent and not older that	with the parar n 3 months

Water Quality as per Lab Report (Annexure-3) (CPCB guideline)		
ty	Score	
	50	
	40	
	30	
	20	
	10	

Water Quality as per Lab Report (Annexure-3) (CPCB guideline)		
Water Quality	Score	
Class 'A'	50	
Class 'B'	40	
Class 'C'	30	
Class 'D'	20	
Class 'E'	10	

#### Validation **100% Direct Observation for Health**



 $(\mathbf{2})$ 

will be sent for quality check.

shall be the average.

#### cuments

- water bodies selected for survekshan.
- meters in Annexure-3. Reports must be

- On-field assessor will visit the water bodies for sample collection. Samples
- Each water body shall be given score as per the class above and final score

3.1B

Rejuvenation of water bodies
- i) Sewerage points status,
ii) Rejuvenation of 3 water
bodies

#### List of Documents

For each of the water bodies (up to three waterbodies), copy of project documents with photographic evidence or copy of project plan document, whichever is applicable for each of the three waterbodies for:



Plugging the sewerage input points;

2 Rejuvenation of water bodies by desilting, strengthening the embankments, stone packing etc.

Scheme of Marking	Score
All sewerage points polluting water body plugged	50
Plans (DPRs) for plugging all sewerage points prepared	25
Plans (DPRs) prepared for plugging one or more sewerage points	10
No plan for plugging sewerage contamination	0
Scheme of Marking	Score
Water body rejuvenated by desilting, strengthening the embankments, stone packing etc.	25
Plans (DPRs) prepared for rejuvenation of water body	15

No plan for rejuvenation of water body

# Validation: 100% Direct Observation

0

(1)

(2)

On field assessor will visit the water bodies for health inspection.

On field assessor will review the plan/ project documents..





### NRW - Overview



#### NRW (%)

4.1

100

0-20%
>20% to 30%
>30% to 40%
>40% to 50%
>50%

If no information available

Note: It is mandatory that the ULB provides information about water produced and water consumed as per the data sheet format shared.

Additional 30 marks shall be awarded if the ULB provides the data for Water Lost as per the data sheet format. This must be based on an internal water audit.



AMRUT 2.0 has a reform agenda focused on financial sustainability and water security of ULBs. Reducing non-revenue water to less than 20% is one of the major reform agenda. ULBs have been encouraged to set up systems to measure the non-revenue water and implement various techniques to reduce NRW. In this section, the assessment parameters related to non-revenue water measurement has been described.

## Measurement of NRW



Score	
70	
 50	
 30	
10	
5	
0	



## Measurement of NRW

Water Produced	Quantity (MLD)
Hater Freddold	
Volume received from water resources department	
Volume of water received from own sources	A1
Volume of water received from other sources (Excluding WRD and own)	
Water Lost	Quantity (MLD)
Unbilled metered authorized connections	
Unbilled unmetered authorized connections	
Apparent Water losses	
Unauthorized consumption	
Metering inaccuracies	
Errors in customer billing process	Α2
Real Water losses	,
Distribution system (From ESR/GSR to consumer water meter)	
Pure water transmission (From WTP to ESR/GSR and overflows/leakages at ESR/GSR)	
At water treatment plant (WTP) (Inclusive of master balancing reservoir)	
Raw Water Transmission (From source to WTP)	

Water Consumed	Quantity (MLD)
Billed authorized consumption	
Billed Metered Consumption (Including water exported)	R1
Billed Un-metered Consumption	

#### **NRW** calculation

If A2 is available		
Volume of water produced	A1	MLD
Volume of water lost – unbilled, real and apparent losses	A2	MLD
%NRW	A3	(A2/A1)*100
If R1 is available		
Volume of water produced	A1	MLD
Total revenue water	R2	MLD
Total non-revenue water	A2= A1-R1	MLD
%NRW	A3	(A2/A1)*100





#### Parameter

Complete SCADA setup connecting source distribution, and 100% water meters at cons

Centralized SCADA setup connecting all so distribution but flow not measured/partially r consumer end

Partial SCADA- Installed in at-least 50% po treatment, distribution points

#### Parameter

Functional flowmeters at all sources, treatm distribution points

Functional flowmeters at select source, treatment and distribution points

Flow not measured

# Water flow measurement techniques adopted by ULB

	Score
, treatment, sumer end	60
urce, treatment, neasured at	40
ints: source,	20

	Score
nent and	40
	20
	0



2

1

2

# Water flow measurement techniques adopted by ULB

#### **List of Documents**

DPR for SCADA system with date of commissioning/calibration/maintenance reports

Specification of flowmeters, calibration certificates

(3) Ward wise details of households with meters and issue certificates

# Validation (100% Direct Observation)

Assessor will visit the claimed locations where flow measurement systems are setup.

Assessor will note live readings to verify the functioning.







actices	5
novatio	on
	Score
	300
	Score
	50
	50
	50
	50
	50
	50



## Best practices and innovation - overview





Under AMRUT 2.0, IEC is one of the key components to create awareness related to water loss, ground water recharge, saving water and reuse of treated water. ULBs have been encouraged to adopt unique and innovative methods to provide best services to the citizens as well as achieve the AMRUT 2.0 objectives. The assessment will be done for ten indicators which have been detailed out in this section.



#### **Parameter**

24 x 7 water supply scheme implemented in

DPR prepared for 24 x 7 water supply

No provision/plan for 24 x 7 water supply



	Score
part of ULB	50
	25
	0



# 24x7 Water supply



Citizen awareness competitions etc.

#### List of Documents

DPR documents/commission report mentioning date of execution of 1 the project

- 2 Photographic evidence of the water supply system, if applicable
- 3 Copy of contract letter/MoU
- Copy of tender notice 4

#### Validation (100% Direct Observation)

The assessor will randomly approach the households and ask citizens about 1 frequency of water supply.

On the basis of the documents submitted and on ground observation, (2) Independent Validation (IV) score will be applied and final score will be given. Final Score = Score claimed – Score adjusted as per IVM

Awareness Areas	100% to 80% awareness	<80% to 60%	<60% to 40%	<40% to 20%	<20% but >0%	0% awareness
Water loss prevention- leakages and overflow	10	8	6	4	2	0
Groundwater recharge and Rainwater harvesting techniques	10	8	6	4	2	0
Behavior change regarding saving water	10	8	6	4	2	0
Reuse of treated water	10	8	6	4	2	0
Awareness about AMRUT and AMRUT 2.0	10	8	6	4	2	0
Total number of responses collected				A1	1	Number
No. of responses that exhibit awareness A2				1	Number	
% awareness				A3	A2	2/A1*100

#### Validation Methodology

#### 100% on field validation

- The ULBs will claim the progress regarding the above on the portal.
- the citizens regarding awareness campaigns by the ULB, groundwater, reuse of used water, etc.
- On call validation, if required. •

# activities: Campaigns/ trainings/infographics/ hoardings/banners/skits

Citizen awareness will be validated by on field feedback. The assessor will ask

Training of ULB staff: 5.4 to 5.3 Municipality, contractors and 5.8 managers, plant operators, 50 town planners, etc.

# Best practices and innovation

#### Any training/e-course on following broad themes

- Leakage detection by use of technology
- Groundwater recharge and 2 rainwater harvesting techniques
- 3 Demand side management
- Used water treatment and reuse 4 of treated water
- 5 AMRUT 2.0 mission

50

#### List of Documents

- Agenda for the training
- Training attendance with date, name of participant and contact details
- Photographs of the training

Scheme of Marking	Score
Training on Leakage detection by use of technology	10
Training on Groundwater recharge and rainwater harvesting techniques	10
Training on Demand side management	10
Training on Used water treatment and reuse of treated water	10
Training on AMRUT 2.0 mission	10

#### Validation Methodology

The ULBs will claim the progress regarding the above on the portal.

- The ULBs will claim the progress. Further, on call validation with select officials (5% or 10 (officials)) to verify the claim made.
- On the basis of the observation, Independent Validation (IV) score will be applied and final score given.

Final Score = Score claimed – Score adjusted as per IVM



	Score
upply through case of contamination	10
pletion certificate of	
ergy (solar/wind/hybrid) in ations	40
pletion report, pump	10
ase water availability, r treatment capacity for	10
nder, contract	10
the area on	40
oject reports, agreement	10
esting at consumer als	40
weeks)	10
ficial record	



# Development of DMA

# Development of DMA



Parameter	Score
Functional DMA	50
No functional DMA but DPR prepared	25
No action	0

	List of Doc
1	DPR for development of DMA.
2	Details of no. of households in the DM
3	List/Copy of water meters installed in t
4	Sample water bills for the households

5.9

50

(1)



#### uments

A.

the DMA.

in DMA.

# Source of water supply: surface/ground/both

5.10

50





Parameter	Score
Score will be allocated in proportion to the claim made for surface water.	
If 0% water is from surface source, 0 score will be allotted	0 to 50
If 100% water is from surface source, 50 score will be allotted	
Let's say, if 70% water is from surface source, 35 score will be allotted	

#### List of Documents

Declaration mentioning sources of water supply in the ULB in different wards

#### Validation 100% As per ULBs Claim





# Source of water supply: surface/ground/both







# Annexures



# Water Testing Parameters







# Annexure 1 – Select drinking water test parameters

S. No.	Essential Parameter
1	Turbidity (NTU)
2	рН
3	Chloride (mg/l)
4	Total Dissolved Solids (mg/l)
5	lron (mg/l)
6	Hardness (as CaCO3) (mg/l)
7	Odour
8	Taste
9	Colour, Hazen unit
10	Fluoride (mg/l)
11	Fecal Coliform (cfu)
12	E. Coli (cfu)
13	Nitrate (mg/l)
14	Residual free Chlorine (min. 0
(15)	Ammonia (mg/L)

#### Procedure for testing the parameters will be as per BIS:10500

#### **Permissible limit**

	5	
	6.5 to 8.5	
	250	
	500	
	0.3	
	200	
	_	
	_	
	15	
	1	
	0	
	0	
	45	
.2 mg/L)	_	
	0.5	

# Annexure 2 – Parameters to be tested for treated used-water (CPCB guidelines)

# Annexure 3 – Primary water quality criteria for various uses of fresh water (CPCB guideline)

	Total Flushin g	Fire Protecti on	vehicle exterior washing	Non- contact impound- ments	Landscaping, horticulture and agriculture			
						Crops		
Parameter					horticult ure, golf courses	Non- edible crops	Edibl e crop- Raw	Edibl e Crop- Cook ed
Turbidity (NTU)	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	AA	<2	AA
SS	nil	nil	nil	nil	nil	30	nil	30
TDS				2100				
Ha				6.5 to 8.3				
Temp (°C)				Ambient				
Oil and Grease	10	nil	nil	nil	10	10	nil	nil
Minimum Residual Chlorine	1	1	1	0.5	1	nil	nil	nil
Total Kjeldal Nitrogen	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
BOD	10	10	10	10	10	20	10	20
COD	AA	AA	AA	AA	AA	30	AA	30
Dissolved Phosphorus as P	1	1	1	1	2	5	2	5
Nitrate	10	10	10	5	10	10	10	10
Fecal Coliform/	nil	nil	nil	nil	nil	230	nil	230
100 ml								
Helminthic eggs/liter	AA <sup>m</sup>	AA	AA	AA	AA	<1	<1	<1
	Colorles	Colorles					Colorl	Colorl
Color	S	S	Colorless	Colorless	Colorless	AA	ess	ess
Odor			Aseptic (Not Septic and no foul odor)					

Designated		
best use	Class	
		Total
Drinking water		shall
source without		pH b
conventional		Diss
treatment but after		Biocl
disinfection	Α	less
		Total
		shall
		pH b
<b>•</b>		Diss
Outdoor bathing	_	Biocl
(organised)	В	less
		lotal
Drinking water		shall
source with		рнр
conventional		
disinfection	C	BIOCI
disiniection	U U	
Dropogation of		pice/
riopayation of	П	DISS Eroo
	0	n Tee nH h
		Flact
Irrigation industrial		micro
cooling controlled		Sodi
waste disposal	F	Boro
	L	טוטםן

m as arising when other parameters are satisfied

#### Criteria

I coliform organisms MPN/100ml I be 50 or less. Detween 6.5 and 8.5 Solved oxygen 6 mg/l or more chemical oxygen demand 2 mg/L or

I coliform organisms MPN/100ml I be 500 or less between 6.5 and 8.5 colved oxygen 5 mg/l or more chemical oxygen demand 3 mg/l or

I coliform organisms MPN/100ml I be 5000 or less. between 6 and 9 olved oxygen 4 mg/l or more shemical oxygen demand 3 mg/l or

between 6.5 and 8.5 solved oxygen 4 mg/l or more <u>ammonia (as N) 1.2 mg/l or less</u> between 6.0 and 8.5 ctrical conductivity less than 2250 to mhos/cm ium absorption ratio less than 26 on less than 2mg/l



# THANK YOU



GAME CHANGERS Ipsos